

# CARIGNAN

## Clone 66

Wine vine variety. Grape maturity: period II. The grape clusters and berries are small. Cabernet-Sauvignon N makes wines with very interesting tannic structure with a sustained color when it has reached maturity.



MORE INFO



## Features

- Cabernet-Sauvignon N has a late bud burst, is vigorous with large-diameter vine shoots under fertile conditions with very long branches (elongated internodes) and lignified tendrils.
- It requires careful training and pruning, which can be long or short in southern areas, and is relatively slow.
- Large pruning wounds should be avoided.
- Removing wood, which is hard, likewise requires considerable time consuming work.
- Cabernet-Sauvignon N oftentimes produces better results on gravelly and draining ground, rather acid and well-exposed.
- This variety sometimes suffers from black stem and this risk is increased by using certain rootstock such as S04.
- Cabernet-Sauvignon N is less susceptible to grey rot. On the other hand, it is very susceptible to wood disease (eutypiosis, esca) and powdery mildew.

## Technological potential

- The grape clusters and berries are small.
- Cabernet-Sauvignon N makes wines with very interesting tannic structure with a sustained color when it has reached maturity.
- These wines are generally suitable for ageing and maturing in wood.
- This vine variety passes from vegetal aromas to much more pleasant and complex aromas once the wine has reached a proper maturity.
- On the other hand, when vinified alone as a single variety, Cabernet-Sauvignon N oftentimes lacks body and roundness.



To make wine



Red grapevines



Seed



0 - 1000m



Half/late maturation



Elevated production